

STATE OF CONNECTICUT BOARD OF EDUCATION



TO:

Superintendents of Schools

Superintendents of Unified School Districts

Directors of Public Charter Schools

Directors of Approved Private Special Education Programs Executive Directors of Regional Educational Service Centers

FROM:

Charlene M. Russell-Tucker, Acting Commissioner of Education 27

DATE:

June 9, 2021

SUBJECT:

Flexibilities for Implementing the CT Guidelines for Educator Evaluation

2017 for the 2021-2022 School Year

Background

Pursuant to Connecticut General Statutes (C.G.S.) Section 10-151d, the Connecticut State Department of Education (CSDE) reconvened the Educator Evaluation and Support 2022 Council (EES 2022), known in C.G.S. as the Performance Evaluation Advisory Council (PEAC), to begin the process to 'reimagine' Connecticut's educator evaluation in its entirety for the academic year 2021-22 and beyond. The first step in the process of 'reimagining' educator evaluation was to update and revise the current Flexibilities for Implementing the CT Guidelines for Educator Evaluation 2017 (Guidelines) in 2020-21 to what is allowable within the current Guidelines and in alignment with C.G.S. Section 10-151b considering that Governor Lamont's Executive Order 7C will have expired for the 2021-22 school year.

Therefore, EES 2022 recommended updates to the Flexibilities for the school year 2021-22. The CSDE then recommended to the Connecticut State Board of Education (SBE) to approve the updated Flexibilities for the school year 2021-22. On June 2, 2021, the SBE approved the *Flexibilities for Implementing the CT Guidelines for Educator Evaluation 2017 for the 2021-2022 School Year* for district adoption for the 2021-22 school year.

Flexibilities 2021-22

As the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic continues into the 2021-22 school year, a balanced approach to returning educators, staff, and students back to in-person teaching and learning, and to support student and educator growth and improvement, will be necessary. As such, the attachment, <u>Flexibilities for Implementing the CT Guidelines for Educator Evaluation 2017 for the 2021-2022 School Year (Flexibilities 2021-22)</u>, prioritize the need to focus on:

- · social and emotional learning and overall well-being of students, staff, and educators;
- equitable learning opportunities for all students;
- culturally responsive teaching and learning practices;
- academic achievement; and
- engagement with families.

These flexibilities are provided to facilitate support, feedback, and growth for Connecticut educators, in order to best meet the needs of students.

A summary of the components described in the Flexibilities 2021-22 are described below. For further detail, please refer to the attachment:

- Student Learning Indicators (45%) for both teachers and administrators
- Observation of Performance and Practice (40%) including definitions for informal observations, formal observations, in-class observations, and reviews of practice
- Stakeholder Feedback (10%)
- Whole-School Student Learning Indicators/Teacher Effectiveness Outcomes (5%)
- 4-Level Matrix Rating System including end-of-year summative reviews, holistic review
 of evidence, and reporting of aggregate evaluation ratings due to the CSDE by September
 15, 2022

Adopting the Flexibilities 2021-22

Local education agencies (LEAs) that choose to adopt these flexibilities must do so through the mutual-agreement process of the Professional Development and Evaluation Committee (PDEC) and the local board of education. It is intended that districts adopt the Flexibilities 2021-22 in their entirety for the school year. Districts should follow their most recently approved CSDE educator evaluation and support plan (EESP) for all other areas of the <u>Guidelines 2017</u> not described in the Flexibilities 2021-22.

If an LEA adopted the Flexibilities for 2020-21 school year, the PDEC must determine, through mutual agreement with the local board of education, whether to adopt the Flexibilities for the 2021-22 school year or continue with their most recent CSDE-approved EESP. The Flexibilities in place for the 2020-2021 school year will not apply for the 2021-2022 school year as Governor Lamont's Executive Order 7C will have expired.

Submitting to Adopt Flexibilities 2021-22 or an Amendment Request

LEAs intending to adopt the Flexibilities for the 2021-22 school year or submit a request for an amendment to their CSDE-approved EESP should complete the <u>EESP checklist</u> prior to October 1, 2021.

Contact the CSDE consultant assigned to your region to discuss questions from your PDEC.

- o Sharon Fuller- sharon.fuller@ct.gov (CES, EDADVANCE, LEARN)
- o *Kimberly Audet* kimberly.audet@ct.gov (ACES, CREC, EASTCONN)

Thank you for your continued commitment to the evaluation and support of Connecticut's educators.

CRT:ka Attachment

Flexibilities for Implementing the CT Guidelines for Educator Evaluation 2017 for the 2021-2022 School Year (Flexibilities 2021-22) June 2, 2021

The Connecticut State Department of Education (CSDE) is providing flexibilities to the fundamental requirements of the *CT Guidelines for Educator Evaluation 2017* (*Guidelines*) for the 2021-22 school year. Local education agencies (LEAs) that choose to adopt these flexibilities must do so through the mutual-agreement process of the Professional Development and Evaluation Committee (PDEC) and the local board of education. It is intended that districts adopt the Flexibilities for Implementing the *Guidelines 2017* in its entirety for the 2021-2022 school year. Districts should follow their most recently approved CSDE educator evaluation and support plan (EESP) for all other areas of the *Guidelines 2017* not described in the Flexibilities below.

Overview

As the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic will continue into the 2021-22 school year, a balanced approach to returning educators, staff, and students back to in-person teaching and learning, and to support student and educator growth and improvement, will be necessary. As such, the Flexibilities for Implementing the <u>Guidelines 2017</u> for 2021-22 (*Flexibilities 2021-22*) prioritize the need to focus on:

- social and emotional learning and overall well-being of students, staff, and educators;
- equitable learning opportunities for all students;
- culturally responsive teaching and learning practices;
- · academic achievement; and
- engagement with families.

These flexibilities are provided to facilitate support, feedback, and growth for Connecticut educators, in order to best meet the needs of students.

Student Learning Indicators and measures of accomplishment will prioritize students with the most significant needs and will align with the following:

- the school's focus on social and emotional learning;
- school and/or district improvement goals;
- addressing identified areas of need based on current data;
- performance skills in courses such as career technical trades, music, art, or physical education; or
- content-related standards.

Student Learning Indicators (45%)

<u>Justification</u>: As educators begin the new school year, following a year that has been very different from the traditional approach to teaching and learning, it is important for educators to focus on:

- supporting the wellness of the whole child,
- equitable learning opportunities for all students, and
- providing support to students who have challenges in attaining learning goals.

It is also important for school and district leaders to focus on supporting educators and staff, as well as to be supported, regarding their overall well-being and that of their staff.

Key Definitions

Holistic Indicators of Student Growth: Student growth towards goal indicators should be measured through a holistic review of evidence, mutually agreed upon between the teacher and evaluator, which may include artifacts, district created formative assessments, student work samples/portfolios, student surveys, mastery-based demonstrations of academic achievement, etc.

Measures of Accomplishment: Measures of Accomplishment could be demonstrated by implementation of individual, grade-level, or school-wide strategies mutually agreed upon between the teacher and evaluator. The following are examples of demonstrating measures of accomplishment. This list does not preclude other methods that are mutually agreed upon.

- Evidence of implementing a new strategy throughout the year to address an identified area(s) of need;
- Evidence of analyzing data, developing and implementing strategies to improve learning for students with the most significant needs;
- Evidence of engaging parents throughout the year in supporting the learning process for students;
- Evidence of strategies implemented to increase the engagement of students in the learning process;
- Evidence of incorporating culturally responsive teaching strategies into daily lessons; or
- Measuring academic achievement of students.

Mutual Agreement: Goals and corresponding indicators must be reached through mutual agreement between the educator and evaluator. Goals should be informed by a thorough review of available data including but not limited to baseline performance data, district and/or school based goals, climate survey results, family and/or community feedback or SEL needs. When the evaluator and the educator cannot agree on goal/objective, evaluation period, feedback or the professional development plan, follow the dispute resolution steps of the district's most recently approved CSDE-EESP.

Teachers will develop <u>one</u> student learning goal with a minimum of two indicators, or measures of accomplishment, focused on:

- social and emotional learning for students,
- student engagement,
- engaging families,
- cultural responsiveness, or
- academic achievement.

While only one student learning goal is required, teachers are able to develop more than two indicators or measures of accomplishment to expand the areas of progress, growth, or accomplishment addressed through one student learning goal. Indicators or measures of accomplishment must be mutually agreed upon between the teacher and evaluator during the goal-setting process and could be demonstrated by implementation of school-wide, grade-level, or individual strategies.

Administrators will develop two student learning indicators, or measures of accomplishment, including, but not limited to:

- supporting the health, safety, and social and emotional well-being, of staff and students,
- ensuring equity for the most vulnerable students and their families.
- mastery-based learning, or
- developing systematic approaches to incorporating social and emotional practices and/or culturally responsive practices into the teaching and learning process.

Indicators or measures of accomplishment could be demonstrated by implementation of district-wide or individual strategies that are mutually agreed upon between the administrator and evaluator during the goal-setting process.

Observation of Performance and Practice (40%)

Justification: As the social and emotional well-being of students and staff will be a priority during 2021-2022, it is recommended that observations of performance and practice, site visits, and reviews of practice/artifacts be formative in nature, and take place more frequently and for shorter amounts of time throughout the school year for the purpose of providing feedback and support. Evaluators are encouraged to focus on educator practice that supports social and emotional learning, the health and well-being of staff and students, and student learning.

Written feedback from observations should be based on evidence collected and current CSDE-approved rubrics. Feedback should be formative in nature and include recommendations for growth and professional learning. Please reference the <u>At-a-Glance Crosswalks for Social and Emotional (SEL) Core Competencies, SEL Teaching Practices, and the CCT Rubric for Effective Teaching 2017 Alignment, as well as the <u>CT Learning Hub</u>, that includes resources for social and emotional learning for students, student engagement, family engagement, cultural responsiveness, and academic achievement.</u>

Observation Process for Teachers:

Key Definitions

Informal Observation: In-class observations less than 20 minutes, with verbal and/or written feedback within a timely manner.

Formal Observation: In-class observations of at least 20 minutes, with verbal and/or written feedback within a timely manner.

In-Class Observation: Observations of the interaction between educators and students in the learning environment most reflective of the educator's assignment. In order to capture an authentic view of practice and to promote a culture of openness and comfort with frequent observations and feedback, it is recommended that evaluators use a combination of announced and unannounced observations.

Reviews of Practice: Reviews of Practice/non-classroom observations include, but are not limited to, observations of data team meetings, observations of coaching/mentoring other teachers, student work, or other teaching artifacts.

NOTE:

Non-Classroom Based Educators, who are being evaluated using the SESS rubric, reviews of practice may be used in place of informal observations. Reviews of practice/non-classroom observations for non-classroom based educators may also include, but are not limited to, diagnostic reports, summary of counseling strategies used and impact on student progress, evidence of supporting students with the most significant needs, summary of coaching and training provided for colleagues and impact of training.

Districts may adjust the requirement for formal in-class observations, as appropriate, if shorter, more frequent observations will take place. For first and second year teachers, and teachers on an improvement and remediation plan, a post-conference is recommended.

- A minimum of two informal observations and a minimum of one review of practice for teachers with more than two years of experience and who were rated Proficient or Exemplary during the 2018-19 school year and/or maintained Proficient or Exemplary practice during 2020-2021.
- A minimum of three informal observations and a minimum of one review of practice for first and second year teachers and teachers who demonstrated Developing or Below Standard practice during 2020-2021.

Evaluators are encouraged to provide additional opportunities to check in with staff regarding social and emotional well-being and support, and may implement additional observations and/or reviews of practice as needed.

Observation Process for Administrators:

Artifact reviews may replace one of the required site visits required in the *Guidelines 2017*.

- A minimum of two site visits and one artifact review for administrators with two or more years of experience and who were rated Proficient or Exemplary during the 2018-19 school year and/or maintained Proficient or Exemplary practice during 2020-2021.
- A minimum of three site visits and two artifact reviews, with additional site visits/artifact reviews, as needed, for administrators who are new to the profession or the district, or who demonstrated Developing or Below Standard practice during 2020-2021.

Evaluators are encouraged to provide additional opportunities to check in with administrators regarding social and emotional well-being and support, and may implement additional site visits/artifact reviews as needed.

Stakeholder Feedback (10%)

<u>Justification</u>: Engaging with families continues to be essential in supporting the social and emotional well-being of students and their academic learning. The CSDE is committed to supporting educators in their support of, and engagement with, the families of our students. It is recommended that educators prioritize the focus on implementing strategies for ongoing communication and engagement with families.

Whole-School Student Learning Indicators/Teacher Effectiveness Outcomes (5%)

Flexibility is provided to districts, with consensus of their PDECs, to:

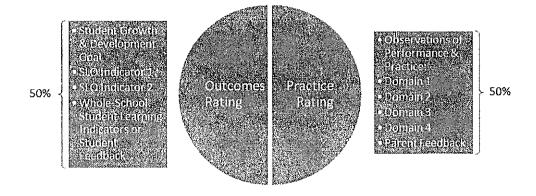
- follow their most recently approved CSDE-EESP, or
- for educators to focus on one of the following special areas of focus to support their professional practice and/or to support a school-wide area of focus, including, but not limited to:
 - o social and emotional learning,
 - o providing equitable learning opportunities for all students,
 - o professional learning to improve practice,
 - o professional learning communities, or
 - o best practices for hybrid or remote learning.

4-Level Matrix Rating System

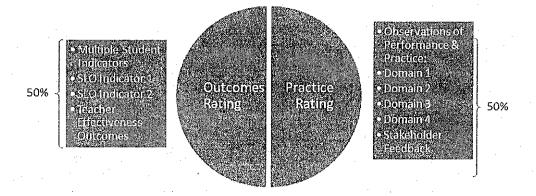
Summative ratings will be required for the 2021-2022 school year.

- End-of-year summative reviews shall include a teacher/administrator self-assessment, supporting documentation/artifact review and an end-of-year conference.
- Summative ratings shall be determined by:
 - 1. a holistic review of evidence in each component,
 - 2. combining the rating for student learning goals and whole-school student learning indicators/educator effectiveness/special area of focus for an **Outcomes Rating**,
 - 3. combining educator practice and stakeholder feedback for a Practice Rating, and
 - 4. combining the **Outcomes Rating** and the **Practice Rating** to a **Final Rating** aligned to one of four performance designations (See Sample Summative Form Template attachment):
 - o Exemplary
 - o Proficient
 - o Developing
 - o Below Standard

Example: Teacher Holistic Rating



Example: Administrators Holistic Rating



- Districts shall report to their local or regional board of education the status of educator evaluations by June 1, 2022.
- The reporting of aggregate evaluation ratings will be due to the CSDE by September 15, 2022.

Within the current rating system, districts may consider performance levels based on levels of engagement/implementation of strategies to accomplish goals.

Evaluation-based Professional Learning

It is recommended that Professional Learning needs be discussed during the goal-setting conference, and be reviewed as part of mid-year check-ins. This will ensure ongoing support as educators adapt and adjust to the potential for varied teaching and learning environments due to the monitoring of COVID-19 factors.

Individual Improvement and Remediation Plans

Communication between evaluators, educators, and the exclusive bargaining representative should take place regarding the status of existing plans. Primary evaluators should provide formative documentation when developing a plan in consultation with the educator and exclusive bargaining representative

Final Holistic Summative Rating - TEACHERS

Teacher: Tenured: Non-Tenured:	Evaluator:			
School: Position:				
School Year:				
<u>Brief Summary of 2021–2022 School Year</u> Examples of areas for educators and their evaluators to describe:				ı
Highlights				
Challenges				
 Reflections about students (student learning, student progress, social and emotional well-being) On-poing professional learning 	nd emotional well-	being)		
Suggestions for priorities and supports needed for the transition back to school in the Fall may also be provided.	n the Fall may also	be provided.		
OUTCOMES RATING (50%)	BELOW	DEVELOPING	PROFICIENT	EXEMPLARY
SLO Indicator #1				
SLO Indicator #2				
Whole-School Student Learning Indicator/Student Feedback				
PERFORMANCE RATING (50%)	BELOW	DEVELOPING	PROFICIENT	EXEMPLARY
Observation of Performance & Practice				
<u>Domains:</u> Domain 1 – Classroom Environment, Student Engagement and Commitment to Leaming				
Domain 2 – Planning for Active Learning				
Domain 3 – Instruction for Active Learning				, ¹
Domain 4 – Professional Responsibilities and Teacher Leadership				
Parent Feedback				

Evaluator Comments:	
Teacher Comments:	
Final Holistic Summative Rating STANDARD	BEYOW DEVELOPING PROFICIENT EXEMPLERY
Check here if Improvement & Remediation Plan has been recommended.	
Teacher Signature	
Evaluator Signature	Date

Final Holistic Summative Rating - ADMINISTRATORS

Administrator	Evaluator:			
School:				
Position:				
School real: Rrief Simmany of 2021-2022 School Year				
Examples of areas for educators and their evaluators to describe:				
Highlights				-
Celebrations				
Challenges				
 Reflections about students (student learning, student progress, social and emotional well-being) 	nd emotional well-	being)		
On-young professional realiting Suggestions for priorities and supports needed for the transition back to school in the Fall may also be provided.	in the Fall may also	be provided.		
OUTCOMES RATING (50%)	BELOW STANDARD	DEVELOPING	PROFICIENT	EXEMPLARY
SLI Indicator #1				
SLI Indicator #2				
Teacher Effectiveness Outcomes				
PERFORMANCE RATING (50%)	BELOW STANDARD	DEVELOPING	PROFICIENT	EXEMPLARY
Observation of Performance & Practice				
<u>Domains;</u> Domain 1 – Instructional Leadership				
Domain 2 – Talent Management				
Domain 3 – Organizational Systems				
Domain 4 – Culture and Climate				
Stakeholder Feedback				

Evaluator Comments:	
Administrator Comments:	
Final Holistic Summative Rating STANDARO	BELOW DEVELOPING PROFICIENT EXEMPLARY
Check here if Improvement & Remediation Plan has been recommended.	
Administrator Signature	Date
Evaluator Signature	Date



STATE OF CONNECTICUT STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION



TO:

Superintendents of Schools

Superintendents of Unified School Districts

Directors of Public Charter Schools

Directors of Approved Private Special Education Programs Executive Directors of Regional Educational Service Centers

FROM:

Dr. Miguel A. Cardona, Commissioner

DATE:

August 11, 2020

SUBJECT:

Flexibilities for Implementing the CT Guidelines for Educator Evaluation

2017 for the 2020-2021 School Year

The disruption to our educational system during the COVID-19 pandemic has been significant and has affected multiple systems within our schools. As each local educational agency (LEA) prepares for the return to school, the CT State Department of Education (CSDE) is providing one-time flexibilities within the *Guidelines for Educator Evaluation 2017* (*Guidelines*) and Connecticut General Statute Section 151b. Pursuant to Executive Order 7C, this document reflects my order implementing these flexibilities, which take effect immediately and will be in place for the 2020-2021 school year only.

These flexibilities reflect the critical importance of the social and emotional learning and well-being of students and educators during the upcoming academic year, while maintaining meaningful feedback and substantive evaluation of educators and administrators. Although this is a short-term approach, the CSDE is committed to engaging partners in reimagining educator evaluation and support for future years. This academic year the CSDE will convene educational stakeholders to work hand in hand to reimagine CT's educator evaluation and support system in its entirety. Our goal will be to complete this process in spring 2021 in order for districts to plan for and implement in the 2021-2022 school year.

A summary of the *Guidelines* flexibilities for 2020-2021 is included below. For further detail, please refer to the attachment.

Student Learning Indicators

Districts may focus Student Learning components on social and emotional learning, student engagement, and family engagement.

Teachers: A minimum of one goal with a minimum of two indicators or measures of accomplishment focused on social and emotional learning for students, student engagement, and/or family engagement.

Administrators: A minimum of two indicators or measures of accomplishment focused on the re-opening of schools, supporting well-being of staff and students, supporting distance teaching and learning, and/or health and safety of students, staff, and the school community.

Districts may adjust the requirement for formal in-class observations, as appropriate, if shorter, more frequent observations will take place. Written feedback from observations should be based on current, CSDE-approved rubrics, be formative in nature, and include recommendations for professional learning.

Teachers: A minimum of two and three informal observations for teachers based on years of experience and previous summative ratings. All teachers complete a minimum of one review of practice.

Administrators: A minimum of two and three site visits for administrators based on years of experience in the profession and/or district and previous summative ratings. All administrators complete a minimum of two artifact reviews.

4-Level Matrix Rating System

Summative ratings are waived for the 2020-2021 academic year as a direct result of the disruption of the pandemic and executive orders affecting our educational system, including the waiver of student assessments and teacher evaluations last year. These changes impacted some of the fundamental data typically used to contribute to the standard evaluation process. This waiver of summative ratings does not change the expectation that evaluators will provide substantive feedback to educators. Based on data and evidence collected throughout the year, educators will complete a self-assessment, and evaluators will complete a narrative summary of the educator's performance.

Improvement and Remediation Plans

These flexibilities should not be interpreted to mean improvement and remediation plans are unnecessary. Any evaluator who continues to have concerns about an educator's performance should ensure it is appropriately communicated and documented, and development opportunities are provided, even without summative ratings. Communication between evaluators, educators, and the exclusive bargaining representative should take place regarding the status of existing plans. Primary evaluators should provide formative documentation when developing a plan in consultation with the educator and exclusive bargaining representative.

Amendment Requests

LEAs that choose to adopt these flexibilities must do so through the mutual-agreement process of the Professional Development and Evaluation Committee (PDEC) and superintendent. Once mutual-agreement has been reached, an LEA may begin implementation of the flexibilities. LEAs that intend to utilize 2020-2021 flexibilities will be asked to notify the Bureau of Educator Effectiveness and Professional Learning by October 1, 2020 consistent with the EESP amendment process. The link to request EESP amendments will be included in a subsequent communication. Districts not using the flexibilities will assume their most recent CSDE-approved plan.

Guidance and resources to support the implementation of effective Student Learning Indicators and informal observation protocols for in-person, hybrid and virtual learning environments will be forthcoming to assist LEAs in adopting available flexibilities.

Contact the CSDE consultant assigned to your region to discuss questions from your PDEC.

- o Sharon Fuller- sharon.fuller@ct.gov (CES, EDADVANCE, LEARN)
- o Kimberly Audet- kimberly.audet@ct.gov (ACES, CREC, EASTCONN)

Thank you for your continued commitment to the evaluation and support of Connecticut's educators.

SKT:ka

Flexibilities for Implementing the CT Guidelines for Educator Evaluation 2017 (Guidelines) for the 2020-2021 School Year August 11, 2020

Given the conditions of the COVID-19 pandemic, the impact on the re-opening of schools, and the critical importance of the social and emotional learning and well-being of students and educators during the upcoming academic year, the CT State Department of Education (CSDE) is providing flexibilities to the fundamental requirements of the CT Guidelines for Educator Evaluation (Guidelines) and Connecticut General Statute Section 10-151b to support individual and collective educator practices in order to improve student growth.

These flexibilities were developed to facilitate support, feedback, and growth for CT educators in order to best meet the needs of students.

Student Learning Indicators (45%)

<u>Justification</u>: In order for students to achieve academically, their primary needs of safety and well-being must first be addressed. Educators share these needs as well, as they strive to meet the needs of their students. Due to the COVID 19 pandemic, leading to the closure of school buildings, the cancellation of state-wide assessments, the rapid transition to remote learning models, and the impacts on social and emotional well-being caused by health and safety precautions, the CSDE is providing flexibility for the Student Learning components of Educator Evaluation and Support in order to prioritize a focus on social and emotional learning and overall well-being of staff and students.

Teachers will develop a minimum of one student learning goal with a minimum of two indicators or measures of accomplishment focused on:

- social and emotional learning for students,
- student engagement, and/or
- family engagement.
- An academic goal may be considered, with mutual agreement.

Indicators or measures of accomplishment could be demonstrated by implementation of school-wide or individual strategies mutually agreed upon between the teacher and evaluator during the goal-setting process.

Administrators will develop a minimum of two student learning indicators or measures of accomplishment focused on:

- the re-opening of schools,
- supporting the health and safety, and social and emotional well-being, of staff and students,
- supporting remote and distance teaching and learning,
- mastery-based learning, and/or
- ensuring equity for the most vulnerable students and their families.

Indicators or measures of accomplishment could include implementation of district-wide or individual strategies that are mutually agreed upon between the administrator and evaluator during the goal-setting process.

Observation of Performance and Practice (40%)

<u>Justification</u>: Given the overall goal of fully re-opening schools, while recognizing the reality that the context of leading, teaching and learning via pandemic health and safety precautions and/or

distance learning procedures may look different during this school year, the CSDE is providing flexibility for the Observation of Performance and Practice components of Educator Evaluation and Support.

As the social and emotional well-being of students and staff will be a priority during 2020-2021, it is recommended that observations of performance and practice be formative in nature, and take place more frequently and for shorter amounts of time throughout the school year for the purpose of providing feedback and support. Evaluators are encouraged to focus on educator practice that supports social and emotional learning, and health and well-being of staff and students in in-person, blended, and remote learning environments.

Written feedback from observations should be based on current, CSDE-approved rubrics, be formative in nature, and include recommendations for professional learning.

Observation Process for Teachers:

Districts may adjust the requirement for formal in-class observations, as appropriate, if shorter, more frequent observations will take place.

- A minimum of two observations and a minimum of one review of practice for teachers with more than two years of experience and who maintained Proficient or Exemplary practice during 2019-2020.
- A minimum of three informal observations and a minimum of one review of practice for first and second year teachers, and teachers who demonstrated Developing or Below Standard practice during 2019-2020.

Observation Process for Administrators:

Districts may consider that given the changes that are taking place for the re-opening of schools for 2020-2021, artifact reviews may replace one of the required site visits required in the *Guidelines*.

- A minimum of two site visits for administrators with two or more years of experience and who maintained Proficient or Exemplary practice during 2019-2020.
- A minimum of three site visits, with additional site visits, as needed, for administrators who are new to the profession or the district, or who demonstrated Developing or Below Standard practice during 2019-2020.

Stakeholder Feedback (10%)

<u>Justification</u>: Engaging with families continues to be essential in supporting the overall success of students in school. As families have had to adjust to remote learning for students from home, caring for family members while working from home and/or ensuring child care while working outside of the home, and addressing the impacts on health, safety, financial and food security, the CSDE is committed to supporting educators in their support of and engagement with the families of our students.

It is recommended that educators prioritize the focus on implementing strategies for ongoing communication and engagement with families.

Whole-School Student Learning Indicators/Teacher Effectiveness Outcomes (5%)

Districts should follow their most recently approved CSDE-EESP.

4-Level Matrix Rating System

<u>Justification</u>: Given that ratings have been waived for the 2020-2021 academic year, it is important for educators and their evaluators to communicate about educators' progress, potential concerns, and relevant professional learning. In order to promote support and growth for educators, feedback from observations of performance and practice should be conveyed in writing, as should feedback about the accomplishment of student learning goals/indicators.

This waiver of summative ratings does not change the expectation that evaluators will provide substantive feedback to educators.

- Educators shall still complete a self-assessment based on evidence and data collected throughout the school year, and submit to their evaluators no later than the date in the district's EESP.
- Evaluators shall provide a narrative summary highlighting commendations, areas for improvement, and recommendations to the educator prior to the end of the school year.
- The reporting of aggregate evaluation ratings to the CSDE by September 15, 2021, is waived.
- Districts shall inform their local or regional board of education the implications of the Governor's Executive Order No. 7C on Educator Evaluation and Support.

Evaluation-based Professional Learning

It is recommended that professional learning needs be discussed during the goal-setting conference and be reviewed as part of mid-year check-ins. This will ensure ongoing support as educators adapt and adjust to the potential for varied teaching and learning environments due to the monitoring of COVID-19 factors.

Individual Improvement and Remediation Plans

These flexibilities should not be interpreted to mean improvement and remediation plans are unnecessary. Any evaluator who continues to have concerns about an educator's performance should ensure it is appropriately communicated and documented, and development opportunities are provided, even without summative ratings. Communication between evaluators, educators, and the exclusive bargaining representative should take place regarding the status of existing plans. Primary evaluators should provide formative documentation when developing a plan in consultation with the educator and exclusive bargaining representative.

Educator Evaluation and Support 2022 Council Virtual Meeting 1 April 9, 2021

		they cannot be a measure included in an		
	principal evaluation.	identify an area for improvement and focus,		
	apply to the use of graduation data for	state mastery test results can be used to		
	rate and extended graduation rate shall	non-standardized indicator. []While the	***************************************	
	accountability ratings for cohort graduation	procedure as described in section 1.3, a		
	related to the assignment of school	subject to the local dispute-resolution		-
	Secondary Education Act. All protections	will select, through mutual agreement,		
	flexibility under the Elementary and	without an available standardized indicator		_
	the State's approved application for	when available and appropriate[]Those		-
	the extended graduation rate, as defined in	should be based on a standardized indicator,		
	include: 1. The cohort graduation rate and	academic growth and development (IAGDs)		
evaluation.	high schools, selected indicators must	(c) One half (22.5%) of the indicators of		-
indicators are used in educator	learning standards. For administrators in	goal/objective.		
flexibility to determine how	indicators which align to Connecticut	selected to align with each student learning		
Guidelines but EES 2022 has the	based on at least three locally-determined	produced by using the multiple indicators	evaluations;	
growth must be included in the	(1)(a) An administrator's evaluation shall be	Year Conference [] evidence will be	development in teacher	
Multiple indicators of academic	(pgs. 17-18)	End-of-year summative review: b. End of	of student academic growth and	Academic Growth
Yes and No	3.3 Administrator Evaluation Components	2.3 Teacher Eval. Components (pgs. 7-8)	(B) the use of multiple indicators	Multiple Indicators of
	evaluation designators []	evaluation designators []		Standard
	aligned to one of four performance	aligned to one of four performance	developing and below standard;	Developing, and Below
	each administrator with a summative rating	each teacher with a summative rating	Exemplary, proficient,	Exemplary, Proficient,
Must have a statutory change.	(1) Annual summative evaluations provide	(1) Annual summative evaluations provide	evaluations designators:	Designations -
Z	3.1 4-Level Matrix Rating System (pg. 15)	2.1 4-Level Matrix Rating System (pg. 5)	(A) the use of four performance	Performance
Can EES 2022 Make Guideline Changes and Recommendations to SBE?	CT Guidelines for Educator Evaluation Administrator	CT Guidelines for Educator Evaluation CT Guidelines for Educator Evaluation Teacher Administrator	CGS. 10-151b(c)	Guideline Requirements
	Educator Evaluation Alignment	CT General Statutes 10-151b(c) and CT Guidelines for Educator Evaluation Alignment	CT Genera	
	r 2021-22 School Year	Phase I: Recommendations of Flexibilities for 2021-22 School Year	*	

			attendance and student	
	objectives, the superintendent or designee	_		
	established goal, when setting targets of		characteristics, student	
-	Silicated and administration areas	possible.	limited to, student	-
	indicator to make a ratification met the	valid and useful to the greatest extent	ratings, including, but not	
is not limited to the list.	indicator to make a fair indement about	and development should be fair, reliable,	influence teacher performance	
school information system but it	adequate information on any chosen	opportunity. Indicators of academic growth	(c) of section 10-10a, that may	
tracked by the state-wide public	school or district must be able to collect	working to show that the teacher is given fair	system, pursuant to subsection	
considerations of control textors	objectives specific to that administrator. The	evaluate the context in which the teacher is	wide public scripor fill of madon	
appoidenting of control factors	mutually agreed-upon student learning	opportunity and 2.3.f.2 is an opportunity to	induction of the state	
The statute requires	administrators and their evaluators to craft	the teacher provides students fair	factors tracked by the state-	
Yes	district-wide indicators of may allow	opportunity to evaluate the degree to which	(D) a consideration of control	
methods.	in selecting indicators, districts may establish	teacher's performance, 2.3,1.1 is an	development;	Development
The statute does not describe	(1) (pg. 18)	(f) [] In the context of the evaluation of a	student academic growth and	Academic Growth and
Yes	3.3 Administrator Evaluation Component	2.3 Teacher Eval. Components (pg. 8)	(C) methods for assessing	How to Assess
		range of criteria used by the district.		
	district-wide student learning results.	and evidence of those IAGDs based on the		
	administrator's job responsibilities, or on	Academic Growth and Development (IAGU)		
	subject area most relevant to the	evaluator, will select multiple indicators of		
	group of schools, group of students, or	through mutual agreement with his/ner		
	ווימורפנטוס וויפץ אר סמסכם סוו יכישובי ווי מויכ	[](a) For each goal/objective, cach scatter,		
	indicators may be based on results in the	[1(a) English goal/phiertive each teacher		
	(1)(d) For central office administrators,	2.9 Flexibility Components (1)(a) (pg. 13)		
	principal being evaluated.	indicator.		
	with the job responsibilities of the assistant	A minimum of one non-standardized		
-	teachers, grade levels, or subjects, consistent	agreement[]		
	focus on student results from a subset of	standardized indicator, if there is mutual		
	(1)(c) For assistant principals, indicators may	1. A maximum of one additional		
		academic growth and development may be:	-	
	by the administrator's school, []	The other half (22.5%) of the indicators of		
	student population (e.g., grade levels) served			
	selected indicators must be relevant to the	(SLO)."		
	(1)(b) For all school-based administrators,	educator's student learning objective		

N

	Coculing are exercised to be compared on the country	with Haterian Oddithis the evaluation	local or regional poard of	
	outlining the avaluation process and other	with materials outlining the availation	local os marional based of	
-	provides the administrator with materials	principal or designee provides the teacher	program to be offered by the	
process.	process, the superintendent or designee	on process – To begin the process, the	teacher evaluation and support	
training but does not describe	(1)(a) Orientation on process – To begin the	(1) Goal-setting conference (a) Orientation	training programs regarding the	
The statute requires evaluation	16)	(pg. 6)	implementation of periodic	
Yes	3.2 Administrator Evaluation Process (pg.	2.2 Teacher Evaluation Process	(F) the development and	Evaluation Training
		Observation protocol		
		2.9 Flexibility Components [1](b) (pg. 13)		
		Coord was controlled and controlled	•.	
	her/his designee(s). (pgs. 18-19)	Observation protocol. Standards-based	Ģ.	Observation Model)
as the cheenvation protocol	practice by the district superintendent or	teacher practice and performance.	ratings:	Standards-based
deline drose requirements such	ratings of administrator performance and	evaluation shall be based on observation of	developing and below standard	Observation Protocol
define these requirements for	administrator's evaluation shall be based on	(2) Forty percent (40%) of a teacher's	exemplary proficient	ratings (Matrix
requirements for instruments	(3) Forty percent (40%) of an	2.3 Teacher Eval. Components (pgs. 9 – 10)	and procedures, including	proticient, developing
THE Statute reduites a military	•		9	describing completely.
The statute requires a minimum	15) Determining summative ratings	5) Determining summative ratings	<u> </u>	determine exemplary.
Yes	3.1 (1)(b) 4-Level Matrix Rating System (pg.	2.1 (1)(b) 4-Level Matrix Rating System (pg.	(E) minimum requirements for	Scoring System to
	alignment for all administrators.			
	Districts are encouraged to have such			
	school's mandated Improvement Plan.			
	with the performance targets set out in the			
	used for administrator evaluation must align			
	state's accountability system, the indicators			
	"review" or "turnaround" status in the			
	For any administrator assigned to a school in			
	in meeting the performance targets.			
	appropriate to supporting the administrator			
	discuss the professional resources			
•	The evaluator and administrator must also			
	demographic and learning characteristics).			
	characteristics (e.g., mobility, attendance,			

`

	Pro Dev		
	Professional Development		
	(G) the provision of professional development services based on the individual organization of includuals' needs that are identified through the evaluation process;	education or regional educational service center for the school district to teachers who are employed by such local or regional board of education and whose performance is being evaluated and to administrators who are employed by such local or regional board of education and who are conducting performance evaluations;	
4	2.4 Evaluation-based Professional Learning (pg. 12) Districts and schools shall provide professional learning opportunities for teachers, pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) of Sec. 10-148 of the 2012 Supplement (C.G.S.), based on the individual or group of individuals' needs that are identified through the evaluation process. These learning	process and other information as appropriate and meets and reviews these materials. The orientation shall not occur later than November 15 of a given school year. Pg. (10) (f) Districts shall provide all evaluators with training in observation and evaluation, and how to provide high-quality feedback. Districts shall describe how evaluators must demonstrate proficiency on an ongoing basis in conducting teacher evaluations. 2.7 Orientation Programs (pg. 12) The local or regional board of education or regional educational service center for the school district shall offer annual orientation programs regarding the teacher evaluation and support system to teachers who are employed by such local or regional board of education and whose performance is being evaluated.	
		information as appropriate. Process information provided in orientation must information provided in orientation must include the rubric used for assessing administrator practice, the instruments to be used to gather feedback from staff, families, and/or students and their alignment to the rubric, the process and calculation by which all evaluation elements will be integrated into an overall rating. 3.7 Orientation Programs [pgs. 20-21] The local or regional board of education or regional educational service center for the school district shall offer annual orientation programs regarding the administrator who are employed by such local or regional board of education and whose performance is being evaluated and shall train administrators who are employed by such local or regional board of education and who are conducting performance evaluations.	
	Yes The statute requires evaluation training but does not describe process.		

	Improvement and Remediation Plans	
	(ii) the creation of individual teacher improvement and remediation plans for teachers whose performance is developing or below standard, designed in consultation with such teacher and his or her exclusive bargaining representative for certified teachers chosen pursuant to section 10-153b, and that (i) identify resources, support and other strategies to be provided by the local or regional board of education to address documented deficiencies, (ii) indicate a timeline for implementing such resources, support, and other strategies, in the course of the same school year as the plan is issued, and (iii) include indicators of success including a summative rating of proficient or better immediately	
v	2.5 Individual Teacher Improvement and Remediation Plans (pg. 12) Districts shall create plans of individual teacher improvement and remediation for teachers whose performance is developing or below standard, developed in consultation with such teacher and his or her exclusive bargaining representative for certified teachers chosen pursuant to section 10-153b of the 2012 Supplement (C.G.S.), and that (A) identify resources, support and other strategies to be provided by the local or regional board of education to address documented deficiencies, (B) indicate a timeline for implementing such resources, support, and other strategies, in the course of the same school year as the plan is issued, and (C) include indicators of success including a summative rating of proficient or better at the conclusion of the improvement and remediation plan.	opportunities shall be clearly linked to the specific outcomes of the evaluation process as it relates to student learning results, observation of professional practice or the results of stakeholder feedback. See appendix for statutory language referenced.
	for statue language referenced. 3.5 Individual Administrator Improvement and Remediation Plans (pg. 20) Districts shall create plans of individual administrator improvement and remediation for principals whose performance is developing or below standard, developed in consultation with such administrator and his or her exclusive bargaining representative for certified administrators chosen pursuant to section 10.153b of the 2012 Supplement (C.G.S.), and that (A) Identify resources, support and other strategies to be provided by the local or regional board of education to address documented deficiencies, (B) indicate a timeline for implementing such resources, support, and other strategies, in the course of the same school year as the plan is issued, and (C) include indicators of success including a summative rating of proficient or better at the conclusion of the improvement and remediation plan.	opportunities shall be clearly linked to the specific outcomes of the evaluation process as it relates to student learning results, observation of professional practice or the results of stakeholder feedback include the provision of useful and timely feedback and improvement canocitunities. See appendix
	Yes The statute requires evaluation training but does not describe process.	

	evaluation system.	evaluation system.		
	summative ratings derived from the new	summative ratings derived from the new		
	and ineffectiveness utilizing a pattern of	ineffectiveness utilizing a pattern of		
	(1) Each district shall define effectiveness	Each district shall define effectiveness and		
Not addressed in statute.	Ineffectiveness (pg. 21)	Ineffectiveness (pg. 12)		and Ineffectiveness
YES	3.8 Defining Effectiveness and	2.8 Defining Effectiveness and		Defining Effectiveness
			department.	
C .			entity approved by the	
programs.			the department or a third-party	
teacher evaluation and support			exemplary or below standard by	
C.G.S. 10-151i addresses audits of			audit evaluation ratings of	
YES			(J) a validation procedure to	Validation of Ratings
	development based on areas of need.	development based on areas of need.		
	career pathways; and, targeted professional	career pathways; and targeted professional		
	Communities for their peers; differentiated	Communities for their peers; differentiated		
	standard; leading Professional Learning	standard; leading Professional Learning		
	performance is developing or below	performance is developing or below		
	and remediation plans for peers whose	remediation plans for peers whose		
	development of administrator improvement	development of teacher improvement and		
	early-career administrators; participating in	early-career teachers; participating in		
	observation of peers; mentoring/coaching	observation of peers; mentoring/coaching		
	opportunities include, but are not limited to:	opportunities include, but are not limited to:		
•	evaluation process. Examples of	evaluation process. Examples of		
	based on performance identified through the	based on performance identified through the		
	career development and professional growth	career development and professional growth		•
opportunities or process.	Districts must provide opportunities for	Districts must provide opportunities for	growth; and	Growth
The statute does not describe	20)	12)	development and professional	and Professional
Yes	3.6 Career Development and Growth (pg.	2.6 Career Development and Growth (pg.	(i) opportunities for career	Career Development
J.			plan;	
			improvement and remediation	
			at the conclusion of the	

•		for students, parents, and peers specific to		
		development of short feedback mechanisms		
		SESSs, districts may permit local		
		feedback mechanisms are not applicable to		
		(c) When student, parent and/or peer		
		beginning of the school year.		
-		for rating practice and performance at the		-
		for observations and an appropriate rubric		
		evaluator shall agree to appropriate venues		
-		instruction of students, the educator and		
		classroom and may not be involved in direct		
		(b) Because some SESSs do not have a		
		goals and/or objectives for student growth	-	
•••		Development to measure attainment of		
		using Indicators of Academic Growth and		
		(a) Districts shall be granted flexibility in		
		of teacher evaluation in the following ways:		
		flexibility in applying the Core Requirements		
		fulfilled by SESSs, districts shall be granted		
		(2) Because of the unique nature of the roles		
		development, feedback and observation.		-
		setting of indicators of academic growth and		
		responsibilities in the school to guide the		-
		and delineation of their role and		
		(1) SESSs shall have a clear job descriptions		
				(SESSs)
Not addressed in statute		the Evaluation of Teachers (pg. 22-23)		Support Specialists
		4.1 Hexibility from Core Requirements for		סנטמבווני מוומ במטנסנטי

	from evidence collected directly from the			
	not required. Districts may generate ratings			
1.	For central office administrators, a rubric is		 =	
	her/his designee(s).			
	practice by the district superintendent or			
	ratings of administrator performance and			
	administrator's evaluation shall be based on	-	.,	
	(3) Forty percent (40%) of an			
	district-wide student learning results.			
	administrator's job responsibilities, or on			
	subject area most relevant to the	-		
	group of schools, group of students, or			
	indicators may be based on results in the			_
	(d) For central office administrators,			
	learning results.			<u>-</u>
	responsibilities, or on district-wide student			
	most relevant to the administrator's job			
	schools, group of students, or subject area			
	performance based on results in the group of			
	administrative roles, districts shall rate			_
	(a) For 092 holders serving in central office			
	indicators.	-		
	based on multiple student learning			
٠	administrator's summative rating shall be			_
	(1) Forty five percent (45%) of an			
	(pgs. 17-19)		Administrators	<u>A</u>
	3.3 Administrator Evaluation Components		Central Office	Cer
		responsible.		
		Student and Educator Support Specialists are		
		particular roles or projects for which the		

		·		
w				
		Criteria for Proficient should be discussed during the goal-setting conference at the beginning of the year. (4) Ten percent (10%) of an administrator's summative rating shall be based on feedback from stakeholders on areas of principal and/or school practice described in the Connecticut Leadership Standards. Central office administrators shall be rated based on feedback from the stakeholders whom the administrator directly serves.	Common Core of Leading: Connecticut School Leadership Standards (CCL:CSLS).	

At-a-Giance Crosswalk 1: The Five Social and Emotional Core Competencies (CASEL) and CCT Rubric for Effective Teaching 2017 Alignment

Additional Resources:

2013 CASEL Guide: Effective Social and Emotional Learning Programs, Preschool and Elementary Edition

2015 CASEL Guide: Effective Social and Emotional Learning Programs, Middle and High School Edition

		The Five Social and Emot	The Five Social and Emotional Learning Core Competencies (CASEL, 2013)	encies (CASEL, 2013)	
	Self-awareness	Self-management	Social awareness	Relationship skills	Responsible decision making
Domain 1 - Classroom Environment, Student Engagement and Commitment to Learning	Teachers promote student engagement, independence and interdependence in learning and facilitate a positive learning community by:	ement, independence an	d interdependence in learni	ng and facilitate a positive le	arning community by:
INDICATOR 1a: Creating a positive learning environment that is responsive to and respectful of the learning needs of all students.					
INDICATOR 1b: Promoting developmentally appropriate standards of behavior that support a productive learning environment for all students.					
INDICATOR 1c: Maximizing instructional time by effectively managing routines and transitions.	-				
Domain 3 - Instruction for Active Learning	Teachers implement instruction to engage students in rigorous and relevant learning and to promote their curiosity about the world at large by:	engage students in rigo	rous and relevant learning a	and to promote their curiosit	y about the world at
INDICATOR 3a: Implementing instructional content for learning.					
NDICATOR 3b: Leeding students to construct meaning and apply new learning through the use of a variety of differentiated and evidence-based learning strategies.					
(NDICATOR 3c: Assessing and monitoring student learning, providing feedback to students, and adjusting instruction.					

At-a-Glance Crosswalk 2: SEL Teaching Practices (GTL) and CCT Rubric for Effective Teaching 2017 Alignment Additional Resource: Teaching the Whole Child (GTL, 2014)

SEL Teaching Practices (GTL)	CCT Bubric for Effective Teaching 2017 Indicators
Student-Centered Discipline	INDICATOR 1a: Creating a positive learning environment that is responsive to and respectful of the learning needs of all students.
	INDICATOR 1b: Promoting developmentally appropriate standards of behavior that support a productive learning environment for all students.
Teacher Language	INDICATOR 1a: Creating a positive learning environment that is responsive to and respectful of the learning needs of all students.
Responsibility and Choice	INDICATOR 1a: Creating a positive learning environment that is responsive to and respectful of the learning needs of all students. INDICATOR 1c: Maximizing instructional time by effectively managing routines and transitions.
	INDICATOR 1a: Creating a positive learning environment that is responsive to and respectful of the learning needs of all students.
Warmth and Support (Teacher and Peer)	INDICATOR 3b: Leading students to construct meaning and apply new learning through the use of a variety of differentiated and evidence-based learning strategies.
	INDICATOR 1a: Creating a positive learning environment that is responsive to and respectful of the learning needs of all students.
Cooperative Learning	INDICATOR 3b: Leading students to construct meaning and apply new learning through the use of a variety of differentiated and evidence-based learning strategies.
Classroom Discussions	INDICATOR 1a: Creating a positive learning environment that is responsive to and respectful of the learning needs of all students.
	INDICATOR 3b: Leading students to construct meaning and apply new learning through the use of a variety of differentiated and evidence-based learning strategies.
Self-Reflection and Self-Assessment	(NDICATOR 3c: Assessing and monitoring student learning, providing feedback to students, and adjusting instruction.
Balanced instruction	INDICATOR 3b: Leading students to construct meaning and apply new learning through the use of a variety of differentiated and evidence-based learning strategies.

,	Competence Building - Modeling, Practicing, Feedback, Coaching		Academic Press and Expectations
INDICATOR 3c: Assessing and monitoring student learning, providing feedback to students, and adjusting instruction.	based learning strategies.	INDICATOR 3b: Leading students to construct meaning and apply new learning through the use of a variety of differentiated and evidence	INDICATOR 1a: Creating a positive learning environment that is responsive to and respectful of the learning needs of all students.

CONNECTICUT STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION Hartford

TO BE PROPOSED: June 2, 2021

RESOLVED, That the State Board of Education, pursuant to Section 10-151d of the CT General Statutes, approves the Flexibilities for Implementing the *CT Guidelines for Educator Evaluation 2017* for the 2021-22 school year, and directs the Acting Commissioner to take the necessary action.

Approved by a vote of One.	, this second day of June, Two Thousand Twenty-
•	
	Signed: Charlene M. Russell-Tucker, Secretary State Board of Education

CONNECTICUT STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION Hartford

TO: State Board of Education

FROM: Charlene M. Russell-Tucker, Acting Commissioner of Education

DATE: June 2, 2021

SUBJECT: Flexibilities for Implementing the Connecticut Guidelines for Educator

Evaluation 2017 (Flexibilities 2021-22) for the 2021-22 School Year

Executive Summary

Introduction

This report provides the State Board of Education (SBE) with a rationale for the recommendation to adopt the Flexibilities for Implementing the *Guidelines for Educator Evaluation and Support* 2017 (<u>Guidelines</u>) in the 2021-22 academic year.

History/Background

In accordance with Governor Ned Lamont's Executive Order 7C, the Connecticut State Department of Education (CSDE) provided flexibilities within the Guidelines and Connecticut General Statute Section 151b for implementation in the 2020-21 school year. These flexibilities reflected the critical importance of the social and emotional learning and well-being of students and educators during the 2020-21 academic year. Although this was a short-term approach, the CSDE is committed to engaging partners in reimagining educator evaluation and support for future years.

Pursuant to Connecticut General Statutes (C.G.S.) 10-151d, the CSDE reconvened the Educator Evaluation and Support 2022 Council (EES 2022), known in C.G.S. as the Performance Evaluation and Advisory Council (PEAC), to begin the process to 'reimagine' CT's educator evaluation in its entirety for the academic year 2021-22 and beyond. Each organization has a delegate and an alternate representative who collaborate to share information with and receive feedback from stakeholders within their organization to make recommendations to the CSDE. In addition to the CSDE and SBE representatives, who are non-voting members charged with organization, facilitation and partner engagement, the members of EES 2022 include:

- American Association of Colleges for Teacher Education CT (AACTE-CT)
- American Federation of Teachers CT (AFT-CT)
- CT Association of Boards of Education (CABE)
- CT Association of Public School Superintendents (CAPSS)
- CT Association of Schools (CAS)
- CT Association of School Administrators (CASA)
- CT Education Association (CEA)
- CT Federation of School Administrators (CFSA)
- Minority Teacher Recruitment (MTR) Policy Oversight Council
- Regional Educational Service Centers Alliance (RESC Alliance)

The EES 2022 process of 'reimagining' Educator Evaluation and Support (EES) will take place in three Phases:

- Phase I (Spring 2021): Updating and revising the current Flexibilities for Implementing the CT Guidelines for Educator Evaluation 2017 to what is allowable within the current *Guidelines* and in alignment with C.G.S. 10-151b
 - O The 2020-21 Flexibilities included options that were made possible by the Governor's Executive Order authority, which will expire for the 2021-22 school year. Once it expires, the statutory requirements must be reinstated; therefore, EES 2022 had to determine revisions and make recommendations to the Flexibilities for the 2021-22 school year.
 - EES 2022 met four times throughout the spring to discuss revisions and recommendations for the Flexibilities in 2021-22. On May 17, 2021, the EES 2022 Council reached consensus on the proposed Flexibilities for the 2021-22 school year (Attachment A).
- Phase II (Summer 2021): EES 2022 will consider, more broadly, where changes could be made within the *Guidelines* for implementation in the 2022-23 school year.
 - o The CSDE is working with the RESCs to develop a process to seek stakeholder feedback state-wide.
- Phase III (Summer/Fall 2021): EES 2022 will determine substantive changes to the *Guidelines* that would require legislative proposals.

Recommendation and Justification

As the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic continues into the 2021-22 school year, a balanced approach to returning educators, staff and students back to in-person teaching and learning, and to support student and educator growth and improvement, will be necessary. As such, the Flexibilities for Implementing the <u>Guidelines 2017</u> for 2021-22 (Attachment A) prioritize the need to focus on:

- social and emotional learning and overall well-being of students, staff, and educators;
- equitable learning opportunities for all students;
- culturally responsive teaching and learning practices;
- academic achievement; and
- engagement with families.

These flexibilities are provided to facilitate support, feedback, and growth for CT educators, in order to best meet the needs of students.

Therefore, the CSDE recommends that the SBE approve the Flexibilities for the 2021-22 school year. Local educational agencies (LEAs) that choose to adopt these flexibilities must do so through the mutual-agreement process of the Professional Development and Evaluation Committee (PDEC) and the local board of education. It is intended that districts adopt the Flexibilities for Implementing the *Guidelines 2017* in its entirety for the 2021-2022 school year.

Districts should follow their most recently approved CSDE educator evaluation and support plan (EESP) for all other areas of the *Guidelines 2017* not described in the Flexibilities.

Follow-up Activity

If the SBE approves the recommendations for Flexibilities for the 2021-22 school year, the CSDE will notify LEAs immediately so that they may begin planning accordingly.

Prepared by: Christopher M. Todd, Bureau Chief, Talent Office

Approved by: Shuana K. Tucker, Ph.D., Chief Talent Officer, Talent Office

Flexibilities for Implementing the CT Guidelines for Educator Evaluation 2017 (Guidelines 2017) for the 2021-2022 School Year May 11, 2021

The CT State Department of Education (CSDE) is providing flexibilities to the fundamental requirements of the CT Guidelines for Educator Evaluation 2017 (Guidelines) for the 2021-22 school year. LEAs that choose to adopt these flexibilities must do so through the mutual-agreement process of the Professional Development and Evaluation Committee (PDEC) and the local board of education. It is intended that districts adopt the Flexibilities for Implementing the Guidelines 2017 in its entirety for the 2021-2022 school year. Districts should follow their most recently approved CSDE educator evaluation and support plan (EESP) for all other areas of the Guidelines 2017 not described in the Flexibilities below.

Overview

As the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic will continue into the 2021-22 school year, a balanced approach to returning educators, staff and students back to in-person teaching and learning, and to support student and educator growth and improvement, will be necessary. As such, the Flexibilities for Implementing the <u>Guidelines 2017</u> for 2021-22 (*Flexibilities 2021-22*) prioritize the need to focus on:

- social and emotional learning and overall well-being of students, staff, and educators;
- equitable learning opportunities for all students;
- culturally responsive teaching and learning practices;
- academic achievement; and
- · engagement with families.

These flexibilities are provided to facilitate support, feedback, and growth for CT educators, in order to best meet the needs of students.

Student Learning Indicators and measures of accomplishment will prioritize students with the most significant needs and will align with the following:

- the school's focus on social and emotional learning;
- school and/or district improvement goals;
- addressing identified areas of need based on current data;
- performance skills in courses such as career technical trades, music, art, or physical education; or
- content-related standards.

Student Learning Indicators (45%)

<u>Justification</u>: As educators begin the new school year, following a year that has been very different from the traditional approach to teaching and learning, it is important for educators to focus on:

• supporting the wellness of the whole child;

- · equitable learning opportunities for all students; and
- providing support to students who have challenges in attaining learning goals.

It is also important for school and district leaders to focus on supporting educators and staff, as well as to be supported, regarding their overall wellbeing and that of their staff.

Key Definitions

Holistic Indicators of Student Growth: Student growth towards goal indicators should be measured through a holistic review of evidence, mutually agreed upon between the teacher and evaluator, which may include artifacts, district created formative assessments, student work samples/portfolios, student surveys, mastery-based demonstrations of academic achievement, etc.

Measures of Accomplishment: Measures of Accomplishment could be demonstrated by implementation of individual, grade-level, or school-wide strategies mutually agreed upon between the teacher and evaluator. The following are examples of demonstrating measures of accomplishment. This list does not preclude other methods that are mutually agreed upon.

- Evidence of implementing a new strategy throughout the year to address an identified area(s) of need;
- Evidence of analyzing data, developing and implementing strategies to improve learning for students with the most significant needs;
- Evidence of engaging parents throughout the year in supporting the learning process for students;
- Evidence of strategies implemented to increase the engagement of students in the learning process;
- Evidence of incorporating culturally responsive teaching strategies into daily lessons;
 or
- Measuring academic achievement of students.

Mutual Agreement: Goals and corresponding indicators must be reached through mutual agreement between the educator and evaluator. Goals should be informed by a thorough review of available data including, but not limited to, baseline performance data, district and/or school-based goals, climate survey results, family and/or community feedback or SEL needs. When the evaluator and the educator cannot agree on goal/objective, evaluation period, feedback or the professional development plan, follow the dispute resolution steps of the district's most recently approved CSDE-EESP.

Teachers will develop <u>one</u> student learning goal with a minimum of two indicators, or measures of accomplishment, focused on:

- social and emotional learning for students;
- student engagement;
- engaging families;
- cultural responsiveness; or
- academic achievement.

In-Class Observation: Observations of the interaction between educators and students in the learning environment most reflective of the educator's assignment. In order to capture an authentic view of practice and to promote a culture of openness and comfort with frequent observations and feedback, it is recommended that evaluators use a combination of announced and unannounced observations.

Reviews of Practice: Reviews of Practice/non-classroom observations include, but are not limited to, observations of data team meetings, observations of coaching/mentoring other teachers, student work, or other teaching artifacts.

NOTE:

Non-Classroom Based Educators, who are being evaluated using the SESS rubric, reviews of practice may be used in place of informal observations. Reviews of practice/non-classroom observations for non-classroom based educators may also include, but are not limited to, diagnostic reports, summary of counseling strategies used and impact on student progress, evidence of supporting students with the most significant needs, summary of coaching and training provided for colleagues and impact of training.

Districts may adjust the requirement for formal in-class observations, as appropriate, if shorter, more frequent observations will take place. For first and second year teachers, and teachers on an improvement and remediation plan, a post-conference is recommended.

- A minimum of two informal observations and a minimum of one review of practice for teachers with more than two years of experience and who were rated Proficient or Exemplary during the 2018-19 school year and/or maintained Proficient or Exemplary practice during 2020-2021.
- A minimum of three informal observations and a minimum of one review of practice for first and second year teachers and teachers who demonstrated Developing or Below Standard practice during 2020-2021.

Evaluators are encouraged to provide additional opportunities to check in with staff regarding social and emotional well-being and support, and may implement additional observations and/or reviews of practice as needed.

Observation Process for Administrators:

Artifact reviews may replace one of the required site visits required in the Guidelines 2017.

- A minimum of two site visits and one artifact review for administrators with two or more years of experience and who were rated Proficient or Exemplary during the 2018-19 school year and/or maintained Proficient or Exemplary practice during 2020-2021.
- A minimum of three site visits and two artifact reviews, with additional site visits/artifact reviews, as needed, for administrators who are new to the profession or the district, or who demonstrated Developing or Below Standard practice during 2020-2021.

Evaluators are encouraged to provide additional opportunities to check in with administrators regarding social and emotional well-being and support, and may implement additional site visits/artifact reviews as needed.

Stakeholder Feedback (10%)

Justification: Engaging with families continues to be essential in supporting the social and emotional well-being of students and their academic learning. The CSDE is committed to supporting educators in their support of, and engagement with, the families of our students.

It is recommended that educators prioritize the focus on implementing strategies for ongoing communication and engagement with families.

Whole-School Student Learning Indicators/Teacher Effectiveness Outcomes (5%)

Flexibility is provided to districts, with consensus of their PDECs, to:

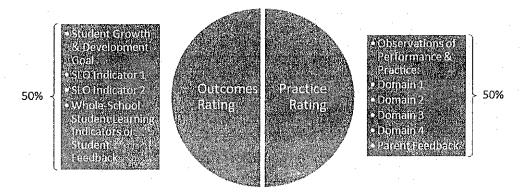
- follow their most recently approved CSDE-EESP, or
- for educators to focus on one of the following special areas of focus to support their professional practice and/or to support a school-wide area of focus, including, but not limited to:
 - o social and emotional learning;
 - o providing equitable learning opportunities for all students;
 - o professional learning to improve practice;
 - o professional learning communities; or
 - o best practices for hybrid or remote learning.

4-Level Matrix Rating System

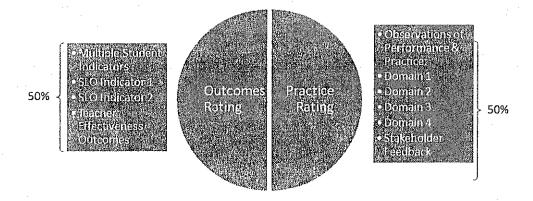
Summative ratings will be required for the 2021-2022 school year.

- End-of-year summative reviews shall include a teacher/administrator self-assessment, supporting documentation/artifact review and an end-of-year conference.
- Summative ratings shall be determined by:
 - 1. A holistic review of evidence in each component.
 - 2. Combining the rating for student learning goals and whole-school student learning indicators/educator effectiveness/special area of focus for an **Outcomes Rating**.
 - 3. Combining educator practice and stakeholder feedback for a Practice Rating.
 - 4. Combining the **Outcomes Rating** and the **Practice Rating** to a **Final Rating** aligned to one of four performance designations (See Sample Summative Form Template attachment).
 - o Exemplary
 - o Proficient
 - o Developing
 - o Below Standard

Example: Teacher Holistic Rating



Example: Administrators Holistic Rating



- Districts shall report to their local or regional board of education the status of educator evaluations by June 1, 2022.
- The reporting of aggregate evaluation ratings will be due to the CSDE by September 15, 2022.

Within the current rating system, districts may consider performance levels based on levels of engagement/implementation of strategies to accomplish goals.

Evaluation-based Professional Learning

It is recommended that Professional Learning needs be discussed during the goal-setting conference, and be reviewed as part of mid-year check-ins. This will ensure ongoing support as educators adapt and adjust to the potential for varied teaching and learning environments due to the monitoring of COVID-19 factors.

Individual Improvement and Remediation Plans

Communication between evaluators, educators, and the exclusive bargaining representative should take place regarding the status of existing plans. Primary evaluators should provide formative documentation when developing a plan in consultation with the educator and exclusive bargaining representative.